

UNT

Dispoſe already of th' untaken ſpoil. *Waller.*
 Otherwiſe the whole buſineſs had miſcarried, and Jeruſalem remain'd untaken. *Dryden.*
 A thouſand ſchemes the monarch's mind employ;
 Elate in thought, he ſacks untaken Troy. *Pope.*
 2. UNTAKEN *up.* Not filled.
 The narrow limits of this diſcourſe, will leave no more room untaken up by heaven. *Boyle.*
 UNTAK'LED *of.* *adj.* Not mentioned in the world.
 Spread thy cloſe curtain, love-performing night,
 That the runaway's eyes may wink, and Romeo
 Leap to theſe arms, untalk'd of and unſeen. *Shakeſpeare.*
 No happineſs can be, where is no reſt;
 Th' unknown, untalk'd of man is only bleſt. *Dryden.*
 UNTAMEABLE *adj.* Not to be tamed; not to be ſubdued.
 Gold is ſo untameable by the fire, that after many meltings and violent heats, it does ſcarce diminifh. *Wilkins.*
 He is ſwifter than any other bull, and untameable. *Grew.*
 UNTAMED *adj.* Not ſubdued; not ſuppreſſed.
 A people very ſtubborn and untamed; or, if ever tamed, yet lately have quite ſhooken off their yoke, and broken the bonds of their obedience. *Spencer's Ireland.*
 What death has heav'n deſign'd,
 For ſo untam'd, ſo turbulent a mind! *Dryden.*
 Man alone acts more contrary to nature, than the wild and moſt untamed part of the creation. *Locke.*
 To UNTANGLE *v. a.* To looſe from intricacy or convolution.
 O time, thou muſt untangle this, not I;
 It is too hard a knot for me t'untie. *Shakeſpeare.*
 This is that very Mab,
 That cakes the elſtocks, in foul, ſluttish hairs,
 Which, once untangl'd, much miſfortune bodes. *Shakeſp.*
 I'll give thee up my bow and dart;
 Untangle but this cruel chain,
 And freely let me fly again. *Prior.*
 UNTASTED *adj.* Not taſted; not tried by the palate.
 The tall ſtag reſolves to try
 The combat next; but if the cry
 Invades again his trembling ear,
 He ſtraight reſumes his wonted care;
 Leaves the untasted ſpring behind,
 And wing'd with fear, outflies the wind.
 If he chance to find
 A new repaſt, or an untasted ſpring,
 Bleſſes his ſtars, and thinks it luxury. *Addiſon's Cato.*
 UNTASTING *adj.*
 1. Not perceiving any taſte.
 Cydonian oil,
 Whoſe balmy juice glides o'er th' untasting tongue. *Smith.*
 2. Not trying by the palate.
 UNTAUGHT *adj.*
 1. Uninſtructed; uneducated; ignorant; unlettered.
 A lie is continually in the mouth of the untaught. *Eccluf. xx.*
 Taught, or untaught, the dunce is ſtill the ſame;
 Yet till the wretched maſter bears the blame. *Dryden.*
 On ev'ry thorn delightful wiſdom grows,
 In ev'ry ſtream a ſweet inſtruction flows;
 But ſome untaught o'erhear the whiſpering rill,
 In ſpite of ſacred leiſure, blockheads ſtill. *Town.*
 2. Debar'd from inſtruction.
 He, that from a child untaught, or a wild inhabitant of the woods, will expect principles of ſciences, will find himſelf miſtaken. *Locke.*
 3. Unſkilled; new; not having uſe or practice.
 Suffolk's imperial tongue is ſtern and rough,
 Uſ'd to command, untaught to plead for favour. *Shakeſpeare.*
 To UNTAUGHT *v. a.* To make to quit, or forget what has been inculcated.
 That elder berries are poiſon, as we are taught by tradition, experience will untaught us. *Brown's Vulg. Errors.*
 Their cuſtoms are by nature wrought;
 But we, by art, untaught what nature taught. *Dryden.*
 UNTEMPERED *adj.* Not tempered.
 One built up a wall, and others daubed it with untemper'd mortar. *Ezek. xiii. 10.*
 UNTEMPTE'D *adj.*
 1. Not embarrassed by temptation.
 In temptation diſpute not, but rely upon God, and contend not with him but in prayer, and with the help of a prudent untempted guide. *Taylor's Rule of Living Holy.*
 2. Not invited by any thing alluring.
 Untempted, or by wager or by price,
 He would attempt to climb the precipice. *Cotton on the Peak.*
 UNTENABLE *adj.*
 1. Not to be held in poſſeſſion.
 2. Not capable of defence.
 He produced a warrant, that the town being untenable, he ſhould retire. *Clarendon, b. viii.*
 Calaubon abandons a poſt that was untenable. *Dryden.*

UNT

UNTENANTED *adj.* Having no tenant.
 The country ſeems to be full ſtock'd with cattle, no ground being untenanted. *Temple.*
 UNTENDED *adj.* Not having any attendance.
 They fall, unleſt, untended, and unmourn'd. *Thomſon.*
 UNTENDER *adj.* Wanting ſoftneſs; wanting affection.
 Goes thy heart with this?
 —Aye, my lord —
 —So young, and ſo untender?
 —So young, my lord, and true. *Shakeſpeare.*
 UNTENDERED *adj.* Not offered.
 Caſſibelan granted Rome a tribute,
 Yearly three thouſand pounds; which by thee lately
 Is left untender'd. *Shakeſpeare's Cymbeline.*
 To UNTENT *v. a.* To bring out of a tent.
 Will he not, upon our fair requeſt,
 Untent his perſon, and ſhare the air with us? *Shakeſpeare.*
 UNTENTED *adj.* [from tent.] Having no accommodations applied.
 Blaſts and fogs upon thee!
 Th' untented woundings of a father's curſe
 Pierce every fence about thee! *Shakeſpeare's K. Lear.*
 UNTERRIFIED *adj.* Not affrighted; not ſtruck with fear.
 Among innumerable falſe, unmov'd,
 Unſhaken, unſeduc'd, unterrify'd.
 To ſuccour the diſtreſt, to give help
 To an afflicted mother,
 Unbrib'd by love, unterrify'd by threats;
 There are exploits worthy Achilles' ſon. *A. Philop.*
 UNTHANKED *adj.*
 1. Not repaid with acknowledgment of a kindneſs.
 If all the world
 Should in a pet of temperance feed on pulſe,
 Drink the clear ſtream, and nothing wear but freeze,
 Th' all-giver wou'd be unthank'd, wou'd be unprais'd. *Mil.*
 Their batter'd admiral too ſoon withdrew,
 Unthank'd by ours for his unſuſtain'd fight. *Dryden.*
 2. Not received with thankſneſs.
 For'd from her preſence, and condemn'd to live:
 Unwelcome freedom, and unthank'd reprieve. *Dryden.*
 UNTHANKFUL *adj.* Ungrateful; returning no acknowledgment for good received.
 The calling away of things profitable for ſuſtenance, is an unthankful abuſe of the fruits. *Hooker.*
 He is kind to the unthankful. *Luke vi. 35.*
 They which he created, were unthankful unto him which prepared life for them. *2 Eſdr. viii.*
 If you reckon that for evil, you are unthankful for the bleſſing. *Taylor's Rule of Holy Living.*
 The bare ſuppoſal of one petty loſs, makes us unthankful for all that's left. *L'Eſtrange.*
 UNTHANKFULLY *adv.* Without thanks; without gratitude.
 I judged it requiſite to ſay ſomething, to prevent my being thought to have unthankfully taken one of the chief paſſages of my diſcourſe from a book, to which I was utterly a ſtranger. *Boyl.*
 UNTHANKFULNESS *n. ſ.* Neglect or omiſſion of acknowledgment for good received; want of ſenſe of benefits; ingratitude.
 Thou diſt in thine unthankfulneſs; and thine ignorance makes thee away. *Shakeſpeare.*
 Immoderate favours breed fiſt unthankfulneſs; and afterwards hate. *Hayward.*
 The unthankful ſtand reckoned among the moſt enormous ſinners, which evinces the virtue oppoſite to unthankfulneſs, to bear the ſame place in the rank of duties. *South's Sermons.*
 UNTHAWED *adj.* Not diſſolved after froſt.
 Your wine lock'd up,
 Or fiſh deny'd, the river yet unthaw'd. *Pope.*
 To UNTHINK *v. a.* To recal, or diſmiſs a thought.
 Unthink your ſpeaking, and ſay ſo no more. *Shakeſp.*
 UNTHINKING *adj.* Thoughtleſs; not given to reflection.
 Grey-headed infant! and in vain grown old;
 Art thou to learn, that in another's gold
 Lie charms reſtleſs! that all laugh to find
 Unthinking plainneſs ſo o'erſpread thy mind.
 An effectual remedy for the wandering of thoughts who ever ſhall propoſe, would do great ſervice to the ſtudioſ, and perhaps help unthinking men to become thinking. *Locke.*
 The unthinking part contract an unreaſonable averſion to that eccleſiaſtical conſtitution.
 With eaſy eyes, and round unthinking face,
 He fiſt the muſt-box open'd, then the caſe. *Pope.*
 UNTHORNY *adj.* Not obſtructed by prickles.
 He ſome extenuation of the curſe, if in ſulore culius tui were conſignable unto corporal exertations, and there ſtill remained a paradise, or unthorny place of knowledge. *Brown.*
 UNTHOUGHT *of.* *adj.* Not regarded; not heeded.
 That ſhall be the day, when'er it lights,
 This gallant Hoſpur, this all-prais'd knight,
 And your unthought of Harry chance to meet. *Shakeſpeare.*

UNT

To UNTHR'AD *v. a.* To looſe.
 He with his bare wand can unthrad thy joints,
 And crumble all thy ſinews. *Milton.*
 UNTHREATENED *adj.* Not menaced.
 Sir John Hotham was unthreatened, and unthreatened, by any language of mine. *K. Charles.*
 UNTHRIFT *n. ſ.* An extravagant; a prodigal.
 My rights and royalties
 Pluckt from my arms perforce, and giv'n away
 To upſtart unthrifts. *Shakeſpeare.*
 The curious unthrif makes his cloaths too wide,
 And ſpares himſelf, but would his taylor chide. *Herbert.*
 Yet nothing ſtill; then poor and naked come;
 Thy father will receive his unthrif home,
 And thy bleſt Saviour's blood diſcharge the mighty ſum. *Dryd.*
 UNTHRIFTY *adj.* Profuſe; waſteful; prodigal; extravagant.
 In ſuch a night,
 Did Jeſſica ſteal from the wealthy Jew,
 And, with an unthrif love, did run from Venice. *Shakeſp.*
 UNTHRIFTILY *adv.* Without frugality.
 Our attainments cannot be overlarge, and yet we manage a narrow fortune very unthriftilly. *Collier.*
 UNTHRIFTESS *n. ſ.* Waſte; prodigality; profuſion.
 The third fort are the poor by idleneſs or unthrifteſs, as riotous ſpenders, vagabonds, loiterers. *Hayward.*
 The more they have hitherto embezzled their parts, the more ſhould they endeavour to expiate that unthrifteſs, by a more careful managery for the future. *Govern. of the Tongue.*
 UNTHRIFTY *adj.*
 1. Prodigal; profuſe; laſiv; waſteful.
 The cattle I found of good ſtrength, having a great mote round about it; the work of a noble gentleman, of whoſe unthrifty ſon he had bought it. *Sidney, b. ii.*
 Can no man tell me of my unthrifty ſon? *Shakeſpeare.*
 Our abſence makes us unthrifty to our knowledge. *Shakeſp.*
 2. Not eaſily made to thrive or fatten. A low word.
 Grains given to a hide-bound or unthrifty horſe, recover him. *Mortimer's Husbandry.*
 UNTHRIVING *adj.* Not thriving; not proſpering; not growing rich.
 Let all who thus unhappily employ their inventive faculty, conſider, how unthriving a trade it is finally like to prove, that their falſe accuſations of others will rebound in true ones on themſelves. *Govern. of the Tongue.*
 To UNTHRONE *v. a.* To pull down from a throne.
 Him to unthroned, we then
 May hope, when everlaſting fate ſhall yield
 To ſickle chance, and chaos judge the ſtrife. *Milton.*
 To UNTIE *v. a.*
 1. To unbind; to free from bonds.
 Though you untie the winds, and let them fight
 Againſt the churches; though the yefly waves
 Conſound and ſwallow navigation up. *Shakeſp. Macbeth.*
 2. To looſen from convolution or knot.
 All that of myſelf is mine,
 Lovely Amoret, is thine;
 Sachariffa's captive ſain
 Would untie his iron chain;
 And thoſe ſcorching beams to ſhun,
 To thy gentle ſhadow run.
 The chain I'll in return untie,
 And freely thou again ſhalt fly.
 The fury heard; while on Cocytus' brink,
 Her ſnakes untied, ſulphureous waters drink. *Pope.*
 3. To let free from any obſtruction.
 All the evils of an untied tongue, we put upon the accounts of drunkenneſs. *Taylor.*
 4. To reſolve; to clear.
 They quicken ſloth, perplexities untie;
 Make roughneſs ſmooth, and hardneſs molliſe. *Denham.*
 A little more ſtudy will ſolve thoſe difficulties, untie the knot, and make your doubts vaniſh. *Watts.*
 UNTIED *adj.*
 1. Not bound; not gathered in a knot.
 Her hair
 Untied, and ignorant of artful aid,
 A-down her ſhoulders looſely lay diſplay'd. *Prior.*
 2. Not faſtened by any binding, or knot.
 Your hoſe ſhould be ungartered, your ſhoe untied, and every thing about you demonſtrating a careleſs deſolation. *Shakeſpeare.*
 UNTIED *adv.*
 1. To the time that.
 Treafons are acted,
 As ſoon as thought; though they are never believ'd
 Until they come to act. *Denham.*
 2. To the place that.
 In open proſpect nothing bounds our eye,
 Until the earth ſeems join'd unto the ſky. *Dryden.*
 UNTIL *prep.* To. Uſed of time. The other uſe is obſolete.

UNT

So ſoon as he from far deſcry'd
 Thoſe glitt'ring arms, that heaven with light did fill,
 He rous'd himſelf full blithe, and haſten'd them until. *Spencer.*
 UNTILLED *adj.* Not cultivated.
 The glebe untilled, might plenteous crops have born;
 Rich fruits and flow'rs, without the gard'ner's pains,
 Might ev'ry hill have crown'd, have honour'd all the plains. *Blackmore on the Creation.*
 Lands lain long untill'd, contract a four juice, which
 cauſes the land to run to unprofitable trumpery. *Mortimer.*
 The ſoil untill'd, a ready harveſt yields;
 With wheat and barley wave the golden fields. *Pope.*
 UNTIMBERED *adj.* Not furniſhed with timber; weak.
 Where's then the ſaucy boat,
 Whoſe weak untimber'd ſides but even now
 Co-riſal'd greatneſs? or to harbour fled,
 Or made a toaſt for Neptune? *Shakeſpeare.*
 UNTIMELY *adj.* Happening before the natural time.
 Boundleſs intemperance hath been
 Th' untimely emptying of the happy throne. *Shakeſpeare.*
 Matrons and maids
 With tears lament the knight's untimely fate. *Dryden.*
 Such were the notes thy once-lov'd poet ſung,
 'Till death untimely ſtopp'd his tuneful tongue. *Pope.*
 Oh juſt beheld and loſt!
 UNTIMELY *adv.* Before the natural time.
 He only fair, and what he fair hath made;
 All other fair, like flowers untimely fade. *Spencer.*
 If ever he have child, abortive be it;
 Prodigious and untimely brought to light. *Shakeſpeare.*
 Butchers, and villains!
 How ſweet a plant have you untimely crop'd? *Shakeſpeare.*
 Call up our friends,
 And let them know what we mean to do,
 And what's untimely done. *Shakeſp. Hamlet.*
 Why came I ſo untimely forth
 Into a world, which, wanting thee,
 Cou'd entertain us with no worth? *Waller.*
 UNTINGED *adj.*
 1. Not ſtained; not diſcoloured.
 It appears what beams are untinged, and which paint the primary, or ſecondary iris. *Boyle on Colours.*
 2. Not infected.
 Your inattention I cannot pardon; Pope has the ſame defect, neither is Bolingbroke untinged with it. *Swift to Gay.*
 UNTRABLE *adj.* Indefatigable; unwearied.
 A moſt incomparable man, breath'd as it were
 To an untrable and continue goodneſs. *Shakeſpeare.*
 UNTRIED *adj.* Not made weary.
 Hath he ſo long held out with me untir'd,
 And ſtops he now for breath? *Shakeſp. Rich. III.*
 See great Marcellus! how untir'd in toils,
 He moves with manly grace, how rich with regal ſpoils! *Dry.*
 UNTITLED *adj.* [un and title.] Having no title.
 O nation miſerable!
 With an untitled tyrant, bloody ſcepter'd;
 When ſhalt thou ſee thy wholeſome days again? *Shakeſp.*
 UNTO *prep.* [It was the old word for to; now obſolete.] To.
 O continue thy loving kindneſs unto them. *Pf. xxxvi.*
 It was their hurt untruly to attribute ſuch great power unto falſe gods. *Hooker.*
 She, by her wicked arts, and wily ſkill,
 Unawares me wrought unto her wicked will.
 The uſe of the navel is to continue the infant unto the mother, and by the veſſels thereof convey its ſuſtentation. *Brown.*
 Children permitted the freedom of both hands, often confine unto the left. *Brown.*
 Me, when the cold Digentian ſtream revives,
 What does my friend believe I think or aſk?
 Let me yet leſs poſſeſs, ſo I may live,
 What'er of life remains unto myſelf. *Temple.*
 UNTO'LD *adj.*
 1. Not related.
 Better a thouſand ſuch as I,
 Their grief untold, ſhould pine and die;
 Than her bright morning, overcaſt
 With ſullen clouds, ſhould be defac'd. *Waller.*
 2. Not revealed.
 Characters where obſcene words are very indecent to be heard; for that reaſon, ſuch a tale ſhall be left untold by me. *Dryden.*
 UNTOUCHED *adj.*
 1. Not touched; not reached.
 Achilles, though dipt in Styx, yet having his heel untouched by that water, was ſlain in that part. *Brown's Vulg. Errors.*
 Three men paſſed through a fiery furnace untouched, unſinged. *Stephen's Sermons.*
 2. Not moved; not affected.
 They, like perſons wholly untouched with his agonies, and unmoved with his paſſionate intreaties, ſleep away all concern for him or themſelves. *Sidney.*
 3. Not